THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XIX. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, MAY 16, 1901. No. 22

State Library

LETTERS OF THE PEOPLE.

SOME PUNGENT OPINIONS AND COMMENTS FROM WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

WHAT A DEMOCRAT WANTS TO KNOW.

Remarks Concerning The Cases Against Fraudulent Registrars—Time For Good People To Be Astir—Dissatisfaction In The East.

SOME INTERESTING ITEMS FROM THE WEST.

Hiddenite, N. C., May 11.—In THE CAUCASIAN of April 25th I see an invitation for correspondence from each section of the state. I indorse your idea of giving news items from every quarter. I am sure that this plan will do much toward bringing the good people of the state in closer proximity to each other, and will be a medium of bringing out ideas for good, to the general public that have been materialized, but have been kept in the back ground for want of the opportunity that the paper is offering. I am sure that the rank and file of the people are rife, and ready to do the right, and all that is needed is for them to have the light turned on.

We in this section of the state have just emerged from the reign of winter. The spring bird has just struck his first note as an omen.

Our farmers are well on the way planting. Quite a large crop of cotton will be planted for this section. The apple crop up here promises to be very large. The peach crop will be limited.

Prof. A. F. Sharp's High School at this place is in a flourishing condition. The commencement exercises of this scho l will occur the 16 and 17 of May.

Prof O F. Pool's High School at Vashti, in Alexander county, is a very flourishing school, and will close with commencement exercises the last of May.

We are more than gratified with the article "Light is Breaking." What the more surprises us is that so many good men in the Democratic party have groped their way in darkness so long. Is it a fact that the laboring man, "poor wretch that he is," must always be used as a tool to further the revolutionary gang of thriving conspirators who care nothing for the good of the people and the welfare of the state? Well; hasn't the last legislature broken the record. What more can they do, than they have done?

Why, you can't hold a democrat up here long enough to ask him what he thinks about it. If you happen to name the acts of the last legislature in the hearing of a democrat, he just simply vanishes, as vapor will before the purifying effects of a spring morning sunbeam. They (the democrats) say that the complexion of democracy has so changed that they really do not know where they are at.

Our merchants think that the revenue &c., machinery act is very unfair; under the new school law, the whole machinery of our free public school system has gone democratic. What do you think of a party that will degrade itself, (if it is possible for such a party as the democratic party to be degraded) as to usurp authority over the Representative of the county, in the General Assembly, as the last legislature did and not even hear him in appointing the County Board of Education, but select the meanest partisan democrats they could find in the county and appoint them as a non-partisan board of education. Such is surely the case in "Little Alex."

Hurrah for Lieut. Gov. Reynolds' article in the Winston Republican, as relates to nol-prossing the cases against the democratic registrars, who were indicted for violating that honest(?) election law. There may be policy in such action, but we feel safe in asserting that there is no principle underlying any such proposition; we feel safe in further asserting that those who gave their assent to such, will regret it in less than two years to come. Stick a pin here.

We think it high time that every one who wishes to see good come to ,,The Old North," should bestir himself, and look around him, and with an eye single to the good of humanity ask himself this question: "With what party shall I aligne myself that I may do the most good for myself and my children; that I may the better propagate the great principles that underly a republican form of government, and so cast my vote (in case I am not disfranchised) that such vote will be counted—one looking toward the everlasting destruction of red-shirtism and anarchy in the Old North State?"

FAIR DEALING.

A DEMOCRAT WANTS TO KNOW.

[A prominent Democratic attorney in the eastern part of the state in a letter to the editor of THE CAUCASIAN begins it as follows:]

"I have read with interest your pungent criticism upon the appointment of F. D Winston as judge.The inquiry, I think, might have been extended and the question asked, "Why did the Governor appoint as judge of the criminal court Mr. Bryan, of Wilmington—a man who had voted for Russell over Cy Watson for Governor? Why was the appoinment given to him over the heads of men who for 25 years have served the democratic party loyally in every campaign and voted the whole ticket?"

[There are no doubt many democrats in the state who would like to ask this question and many others that have been suggested by developments since the last election in North Carolina.]

SOME DISSATISFACTION.

Warsaw, N. C., May 8, 1901.—The last legislature, on account of passing several objectionable bills lost a good many voters. I could tell you of as many as a dozen or two around here who say that it is the last time they will ever vote the democratic ticket, and I think they will do as they say.

AB. PHILLIPS.

HE SAW THE PRESIDENT.

Let His House Burn to the Ground in Order to Do It.

San Luis Obispo, California, May 10.—The route of the President's train northward from Los Angeles today lay through the Santa Clara Valley, nestling under fog-swathed mountains to the coast, where it ran for hours along the edge of cliffs overhanging the Pacific Ocean. At every stopping place today there was a beautiful flower show. At Ventura and Santa Barbara the President was simply overwhelmed with flowers.

An unusual incident occurred during the President's stay at Santa Barbara. The residence of the chief of the fire brigade caught fire. The fire chief, who was on the street awaiting the coming of the President was informed that his house was in flames.

"Let it burn," he replied, "I will wait and see the President. I can build another house, but I may never have another opportunity to see the President of the United States," and he stoically remained while his house burned to the gr und.

"I saw the President,' he said, when informed that his house was in ruins. "I saved the lot anyway."

The First Marriage Bond Ever Issued in Wake County Found.

News & Observer.

The first marriage bond ever issued in Wake county has been found. It was discovered yesterday in the office of the Register of Deeds and is in an excellent state of preservation, the ink having faded but little and the only evidence of age about the paper being its yellow cast and a few breaks where it had been folded. It is a valuable souvenir of provincial days.

The bond is written on ordinary note paper and is dated November 6, 1771, making the instrument nearly one hundred and thirty years old. It tells of the agreement to the marriage of Giles Thomas and Molley Simms, and recites that Giles Thomas and one Williams Simms give bond for fifty pounds provincial money, an amount equal to about $500 in the currency of today.

Crushed Between the Cars.

Charlotte, N. C., May 10.—Mr. B. Lee Roberts, son of Mr. John A. Roberts, of Cleveland county, was killed at the Southern passenger station in this city this morning by being caught between the platforms when in the act of coupling the air hose between two coaches of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta train. Mr. Roberts was thirty years old. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Roberts, live near Patterson Springs, Cleveland county, which was his home up to some years ago, when he came to Charlotte to buy cotton for J. H. Sloan.

Lightning's Work at Chapel Hill.

Chapel Hill News.

During the electrical storm last Wednesday, lightning struck a tree at the northwest corner of Mr. Geo. Wood's residence, on Rosemary street. The tree was five or six feet from the corner of the house. The weather boarding was torn up some and the blinds knocked off and and every glass in the window shattered to pieces. The lightning followed a clothes line that was attached to the tree to the kitchen and riped off several planks. The residence was filled with smoke.

North Carolina Millionaires.

The New York Herald of Monday has a column headed "America's Chrysocracy—Our 3,828 Millionaires." In this list, for North Carolina are the following:

Frank Coxe, Asheville; J. S. Carr, Washington Duke, James B. Duke, Benjamin N. Duke, B. L. Duke, Durham; Lawrence Holt, James Holt, William E. Holt, Burlington; P. H. Hanes, Winston; K. M. Murchison, Wilmington; Mrs. Westmoreland, Charlotte; Geo. W. Watts, Durham.

No Place For the Negro.

Knoxville, Tenn.—H. L. McKinney (colored), who left Tennessee several weeks ago for Hawaii, writes from Honolulu advising his race to remain in the South. He gives as his reason that imported negroes must compete with Japanese and Chinese laborers; that there is no chance for negro preachers or teachers; the cost of living is high and the feeling of enmity displayed against the criminal classes of his race in the United States exists there.

THE REAL BAD MAN.

One Who Looks Easy May Sometimes be Dangerous.

"A stripling of effeminate rosiness and neat attire sat in the corner of a frontier saloon, modest, silent, and as far out of the way as he could get. He had stepped from the train, and he was waiting for the stage. It was starched linen that he wore; the city showed quite plainly in his hat; and it is still in dispute whether any down was visible upon his lip. But he was old enough to be smoking a cigar with all the appearance of habit. This cigar, also, was not a native of the town. In fact, the young man had made no purchase upon entering the saloon; nevertheless, the proprietor could scarcely complain of him.

The stranger had asked if he might wait here for the stage, and had thanked the proprietor for his permission.

"Then he had sought his quiet corner, and lighted his cigar.

"A citizen walked out of the back room and up to the bar. He had left a faro game; and the proprietor was friendly with him, but respectful; that sort of respect which is flavored delicately with just enough familiarity to bring it out. It is probable that the citizen had had more drinks than the one he now took. It is also likely that faro had not gone as well with him this morning as he considered his due. His dissatisfied eye fell upon the rosy youth and his cigar; and he took the glass from his lips and held it, considering the stranger.

"At length, without removing his eyes, he inquired: 'What Christmas tree did that drop off?'

"The proprietor hastened to take this view. 'Its express-tag has fluttered away, I guess,' he whispered jocosely.

"The citizen remembered his whiskey, swallowed it, set the glass gently down, gently drew his six-shooter, and shot the cigar to smash out of the young man's mouth.

"Now I do not at all know what I should have done in the young man's place. Something sensible. I hope. What the youth did I know I should not have done. You will see that his behavior was out of the common. He stooped down, picked up his cigar, found it ruined, put it in the spittoon, got a fresh one out of his pocket, found a match in his waistcoat, slid it along the seat of his nice breeches, lighted the new cigar, and settled himself once more in his chair, without a word of protest, or an attempt at resentment. The proprietor saw him do it all, and told about it afterward.

"The citizen took the second cigar, smash! like the first. Perhaps he went a trifle nearer the youth's lip.

"What were the card players in the back room doing at all this noise? They all lay flat on the floor like the well-trained, indigenous people that they were, minding their own business. For there was no rear exit.

The youth felt in his waistcoat pocket, but brought no match from it. So he rose with still another fresh cigar in his hand, and walked to the bar,

"'I'll have to ask you for a match,' he said to the proprietor, who at once accommodated him.

"Once again he slid the match beneath his coat-tails, and bringing up his own six-shooter, shot the citizen as instantly dead as that can be done."—Owen Wister in Everybody's Magazine.

POCKET PICKED OF OVER $8,000.

Wealthy Farmer Goes to a Circus and is Relieved of His Purse.

Fairmont, W. Va.,—P. N. Amos, a wealthy farmer of Fairview, this county, had his pocket picked today of a purse containing $8,630 in cash and in checks and drafts on various banks.

He came to attend a circus which exhibited here today, and to deposit the amount in a Fairmont bank. He first discovered his loss while in the midst of an immense crowd.

The checks and drafts had all been indorsed by Mr. Amos, and were ready for deposit. He estimates the cash at $3,000, all in big bills, none less than $100. Mr. Amos tonight wired in all directions to stop payment of the paper.

WROTE SERMONS IN HIS SLEEP.

The Remarkable Performance of a Young French Ecclesiastic.

Narrating "Some Remarkable Cases of Double Personality," Dr. R. Osgood Mason cites, in May Ladies' Home Journal, the case of a "young ecclesiastic in the seminary with the Archbishop——, of Bordeaux, France, who was in the habit of getting up at night in a condition of somnambulism, going to his study and composing and writing his sermons in the dark. When he had finished one page he read it over and carefully and properly corrected it, A broad piece of card-board interposed between his eyes and his writing made no difference to him. He wrote, read and corrected just the same as if there had been no obstruction. Having completed his work to his satisfaction he returned to bed, and in the morning he had not the slightest idea of what he had done in the night, and had no knowledge of it until he saw the manuscript in his own handwriting."

To the Chicago Professor.

Philadelphia Record.

It is better to have kissed a pretty girl than to have solved the knottiest problem of old Euclid.

NOW, THE REVENUE ACT.

REPORTED PLANS TO RESIST ITS ENFORCEMENT ON ACCOUNT OF IRREGULAR PASSAGE.

COUNSEL IS ALREADY EMPLOYED.

Some Material Amendments Adopted Without Aye and Nay Vote—A Question as to Its Constitutionality—Special Session of General Assembly Talked of

The revenue act adopted by the last legislature is now being talked about in such a way as to indicate that it may cause trouble. It has not yet been generally known or understood. Some people, however, have gained a knowledge of some portions of it, and it has proven to be so drastic and promises to be so meddlesome and annoying, that preliminary steps are being considered for testing its constitutionality.

Of course no one who looked on the proceedings of the last legislature ever seriously thought that body would or could frame a de ent act of any kind that did not carry "jobs" with it. That aggregation was far too much engrossed with providing places for themselves, and trying to oust others from places by impeachment proceedings and presenting bills to prevent payment of lawful salaries to political opponents, to give the interests of the general public any of its time. All the brains in the whole collection would not have been equal to the task of framing a fair and just revenue act, for the simple reason that fairness and justice never had any seat or lodgment among them. Therefore it was and is unreasonable to expect anything along this line that can commend itself to the people.

The first reported opposition to the revenue act as it stands comes from Wilmington. It is stated that able counsel has been employed there to resist the enforcement of the present law on the ground that its manner of passage by the last General Assembly was in conflict with section 14, Article 1 of the Constitution. It is claimed that when the bill came up for second reading in the Senate it was weighted down with thirty-six amendments, and after it went back to the House many of the amendments were concurred in and others rejected; and that when the bill came back to the Senate as amended it was only read one time and passed one reading and was afterwards ratified.

If these facts are so, leading lawyers say the whole revenue act is invalid,as the Supreme Court of North Carolina has several times decided that unless a bill of this character shall pass three readings on separate days and the ayes and nays recorded in the second reading, the bill is void.

LT. GOV. TURNER'S OPINION.

Lt. Governor Turner, President of the Senate has been interviewed on the subject and says:

"As I remember it, there were thirty-six amendments to the bill adopted for the first time on its third reading in the Senate. After the bill had passed its third and final reading in the Senate, it went to the House for concurrence. The House refused to to concur and conference committees were appointed. This committee reported that it had receded from seven of the amendments and agreed on adoption of the others. The report was adopted, and thus ended the legislative course of the Revenue Act.

"Now, as I understand it, the point is made that the amendments were a material part of the bill and should have been read on three separate days and adopted by an aye and no vote. This was done as the journal shows, but there are decisions of our Supreme count which seem to hold that if a material amendment is adopted on the second or third reading, then the bill must be again put on its several readings as provided by the Constitution. This was not done in the case of the revenue act, and I called the attention of some of the Senators to the fact."

If the revenue act should prove to be unconstitutional, the tax collectors and state government would have to fall back on the revenue act of 1899. But that act would not begin to produce enough revenue to meet the tremendous increase in expenses and appropriations incurred by the last two legislatures. The state would fall behind anywhere from three hundred thousand to half a million dollars before another regular, biennial session of the General Assembly.

The next remedy would be to call a special session of the legislature to remedy any defect that may exist in the manner of the passage of the bill, and this is being talked about now.

It is understood that Governor Aycock is of the opinion that the grounds on which counsel are thinking of opposing the act will not prove good; and nothing more than this is now known of the matter.

Fred—I had a fall last night which rendered me unconscious for several hours.

Ed—You don't mean it! Where did you fall?

Fred—I fell asleep.

CROPS DAMAGED.

Rain and Hail Storms Playing Havoc at Some Places—Live Stock Killed.

Information from several portions of the State indicate serious damage to the growing crops. The damage in Wilson county from a cloud-burst and hail storm which occurred there on the 9th cannot be estimated. Farmers report their crops almost a total wreck. Young tobacco and cotton have been the principal sufferers. In most cases these crops will have to be replanted entirely. The tobbacco plant beds have also suffered. This will shorten the plant supply and in many cases will cut short a tobacco crop for the present season. In Wilson the water stood ponded in the streets a foot deep. The sewerage system was inadequate to accommodate the torrents of water which fell.

In the Swift Creek section of Wake county considerable damage was done by the heavy rains of Friday. Hail fell also, but not with sufficient force to do much damage.

Reports of a destructive hail storm comes from Wayne county. It carried destruction to the crops.

The County Treasurer, Parks, said some of the stones were larger than partridge eggs. And that in some places the hail was six inches deep, while in others it was from three to four inches. The hail fell so rapidly and with so much force that quite a number of hogs, geese and other live stock were killed.

The Wilmington Star says a destructive hail storm appears to have been pretty general over Eastern North Carolina and it is believed very great damage has been wrought to strawberries and other crops.

Mr. R. R. Stone, who came from Fayetteville the 11th, brings most discouraging reports from that section. He says that the area covered by the fall of hail extends from a distance of about seven miles from Wilmingten as far towards Fayetteville as Atkinson, N. C., where there was a slight fall when the train passed through, which may have increased in violence after he left. When the train reached Montague, the first station out from Wilmington, it was found that the pelter of hail stones was phenomenal. Mr Stone said he never saw such a fall before and in places, he believed, where the stones had rebounded together, they were as deep as three inches and of good size. People at the station at Montague regarded the storm little less than a calamity upon the truck growers, though no exact information as to the extent of the damage could be gathered at that time.

A telegram from Forestville, Wake county, says: There was a severe hail and rain storm in this section Wednesday night. Large piles of hail were on the ground this morning twelve hours after the storm. The land is very much washed and crops are damaged by the hail. Most of the crops right around Forestville will have to be replanted.

PLAYED WHILE IT BURNED.

The Organ of St. John's Church, Jacksonville, Pealed Out Siren Songs in the Midst of Smoke and Flames.

Jacksonville Special to Atlanta News

For absolute wierdness, no incident of the great Jacksonville fire can compare to that experienced by a great throng who stood around St. John's Episcopal church when that noble edifice was falling under the onslaught of the red flames.

Suddenly, above the roar of the fire, above the hoarse shouts of the crowd, above the crash of falling walls, sounded a tone of music.

Men looked at each other of a sudden, open-mouthed in astonishment. As one man, the immense throng stood still. Every ear was strained.

Then it came again—a low, rich vibrant organ tone was floating out from the raging furnace, an awesome pedal-point to the mad music of the leaping flames.

Then there came another tone, higher than the first. Then another, and another. The great diapasons mingled with the viol da gamba. For an instant the organ tones resolved themselves into a strange minor chord, and a great stillness fell upon the throng.

Within the doomed church the flames had reached the hydraulic organ, and as the blaze licked over the blue and silver pipes, and fed itself about the working mechanism, the heat forced columns of air through the pipes and the great organ sang its last song.

Still the deep toned boudons boomed their somber tones. A wall fell crashing, and a golden-voiced cornet rang through the din as in heroic triumph. Black smoke hung like a pall of darkest velvet over the twilight sky, and with one last sigh, in a moment of comparative silence, the waiting, awe-stricken throng heard a thin, sweet chord come floating out, as if the organ were breathing out in its last moment a prayer amidst all the horror of the fire and the approaching night to Him who doeth all things well.

BIG FIRE IN AUGUSTA.

Three Great Warehouses and 5,000 Bales of Cotton Burned.

Augusta, Ga.,—A fire which occurred here last week did $200,000 damage. The great cotton warehouse of the Union Compress company was destroyed and the warehouses of Phinizy & Co., and S. M. Whitney. Over 5,000 bales of cotton were burned.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

SOME COMPARATIVE FIGURES OF OFFICES AND EXPENSES IN TWO SOUTHERN STATES.

A VIRGINIA PAPER ASKS WHY?

And The Caucasian Offers an Answer That Seems To Dispose of The Inquiry—One Party Rule Unwholesome And Expensive.

In the state of Virginia there is a fight going on that is interesting. It seems to have started over a scheme for disfranchising voters, and has gathered "issues" until the expense of the commonwealth has come to be a question; and concerning this particular question The Progress of Charlottesville, asks the following questions:

"Why should the purely administrative cost of our state government be $711,339 39, when the same expenses in North Carolina are only $325,611.61?

Why should the educational system of Virginia cost $1,620,809, when North Carolina, with more children at her public schools, pays only $700,000.

Why should Virginia have 127 judges, when North Carolina, with a greater population, has only 23?

Why should Virginia have 116 prosecuting attorneys, when North Carolina has only 19?

Why should Virginia have 119 treasurers, when North Carolina has none?

Why should Virginia have 205 commissioners of the revenue, when North Carolina has none?

Why should Virginia have 1,429 terms of court in a year, when North Carolina has only 360?

Why should Virginia have criminal expenses amounting to $410,195.32, when North Carolina's are only $65,776.77?

Why should the county expenses in Virginia amount to $2,400,000, for 100 counties, when the county expenses in North Carolina, for 96 counties are only $907,505.80?

Why should the state taxes, alone, of Virginia amount to $182,327.84 more than both state and county taxes of North Carolina put together?

Why should the combined state and county taxes of Virginia ($5,747,399,17) exceed the combined state and county taxes of North Carolina ($311,062.03) by the enormous sum of $2,586,337.14."

Without stopping to discuss the exactness of the figures given, but which are approximately correct in the main, the CAUCASIAN will tell the Progress the Reason Why.

Because under an election scheme known as the Walton law and similar measures, the democratic party has been in control of Virginia for many years in succession, with a knowledge that under such measures and their application, it could not be dislodged. That's why!

If the same party, democratic, shall remain in power in North Carolina for ten years, it is probable that it will in that time, increase the expenses of North Carolina beyond those complained of by the Progress, in Virginia.

Until the election law adopted by the democratic legislature of this state in 1899, there was always a fighting chance to defeat the democratic party, and that had a wholesome effect on that organization.

But when it came into power in 1899, expenses began to increase, and nearly half a million dollars more was gotten away with in some way for 1899 and 1900 than for any two previous years.

At its session of 1901, the democratic party arranged for four additional judicial districts, which means four more judges, four more solicitors and four more of everything else that they will be able to land on the public treasury, and this, by no means, describes the additional expenses that must be borne under their administration.

If the Progress will possess its soul in patience, and wait a few years, the expenses of the "Old North State" will outrun those of the "Old Dominion" unless the former can effect a change of administration.

Wonder if the Progress has any hope of reform in Virginia, unless the exi‹ting regime can be turned down there? If it is straight democratic as in North Carolina, there is doubt about it.

Stolen by Gypsies.

The Greensboro correspondent of the Charlotte Observer says: A 12-year-old white boy who gave his name as Benjamin Harrison Jones, arrived in Greensboro on the local train from the South this morning and told a thrilling story of having been stolen from his home in Fayetteville by a band of gypsies about two months ago. He told of the wanderiugs of the band from place to place, and said that at Big Lick, in Stanly county, a native was killed in a row with one of the gypsies. The little fellow said he managed to escape at Concord yesterday, the authorities kindly purchasing him him a ticket to Fayetteville. He left this afternoon for Fayetteville, apparently happy at the prospect of getting home again.

BEGGARED BY THE FIRE.

Even Professional Men Clamoring for Work at Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 8.—The full meaning of the widespread suffering in Jacksonville was realized to-day, when it was announced in one of the meetings that a great number of men who had never been used to manual labor were clamoring for work. Among them were clerks, collectors, book-keepers, and professional men, three young physicians especially declaring their condition destitute, as they had lost wardrobes, libraries, office fixtures, and everything in the fire. The department of labor has undertaken to give clerical employment to all applicants.

The executive committee of the relief association arranged to-day to establish a sewing tent, and twenty-five sewing machines were ordered and other appurtenances which will enable the seamstresses who have lost everything to get to work again, and they will relieve the condition of the fire sufferers who have lost all clotning but the clothes they are wearing. A laundry will also be erected and the colored laundresses will be started in business again.

The situation to-night in the city shows that all of the departments have been arranged systematically and the people are being cared for as well as conditions will permit.

Over half a million dollars' worth of insurance has already been paid by the adjusters, and the people are commencing the erection of temporary places of business and dwellings. A new Windsor Hotel is to be erected at a cost of $300,000, and work was commenced to-day clearing away the debris for the laying of the foundation.

To-day one other body was found in the ruins, that of Mrs. Solon Robinson, whose late husband was a member of the staff of the New York Tribune. Nothing remained to tell the story of her death but a cupful of bones, which were found in the debris of her late home on Church street.

Relief is coming in generously on every train, and the subscription list to date amounts to about $85,000 with promises of aid from many places which has not yet arrived.

Almost a Match for the Watlington Case.

Vicksburg, Miss., Herald.

The [Charlotte] Observer "wonders if this case [that of Mr. Watlington] can be matched in Virginia." Probably not, but it can, most, in Mississippi. Some years ago a man was standing near the track of the New Orleans & Northeastern waiting for a train to pass. As it drew near, a piney woods bull, trying to cross in front of the engine, was caught on the cow catcher and hurled sixty feet against the man. The point of one of the bull's horns struck him squarely in the forehead, producing instant death.

The widow of the deceased sued the railroad and recovered damages, though not as much as she would, had not her lawyer been beguiled into a compromise for $1,500, after the case was given to the jury. A minute after the agreement had been settled on by the counsel for the two sides, the jury came in with a verdict for $5,000.

REMOVAL OF CONFEDERATE DEAD.

Bids Opened For Their Reinterment in a Separate Plot in Arlington.

Washington, May 10.—Bids were opened in the office of Colonel True, depot quartermaster, this afternoon, for the removal of the remains of Confederate dead at the Soldiers' Home and Arlington cemetery and their reinterment in a separate plot of ground in the Arlington cemetery in accordance with the provisions of an act of Congress. Three bids were received. One was from George A. Hollister, of New York city, who offered to remove the remains at the rate of $13.50 each, and to set headstones for $1.17 apiece. Another bid was from J. H. Shelton, of this city. His figures were $5.50 for removing remains from Soldier's Home, $25 for removing those in Arlington and 25 cents each for headstone. Another bid which was the lowest one received was that of R. W. Darby, of this city, who offered to remove the remains at the rate of $4.95 for those in Soldiers' Home and $4 80 for those at Arlington. He also offered to set headstones for 10 cents each.

BIG HAIL STONES.

These Fall as Large as Partridge Eggs in Cleveland.

Senator Webb, who is in the city, reports a terrific hail storm in Cleveland county on Wednesday afternoon. He was in his buggy on the road between King's Mountain and Cherryville when the storm began. In two minutes the ground was white with the hail stones which had fallen, some of these ranging in size from a partridge to a guinea egg. After the hail storm ceased everything was enveloped in a white smoke. Much damage was done the crops in that section, and hail is also reported as having fallen at Shelby.

Lily Whites in Florida.

Jacksonville, Fla.—The Lincoln League of Florida is the name of a new chartered political party in this State formed by white Republicans to redeem the State, as they say, from the domination of old political hucksters and negro influence.

WILD TIMES IN NEW YORK.

A PANIC IN WALL STREET IN WHICH PRICES CAME CRASHING DOWN.

FORTUNES MADE AND LOST IN A DAY.

White Faced Women Speculators Driven Away in Fainting Condition—Long Saved Hoards Vanish in the Quick Effort to Get Rich.

The speculative element of New York has gone through wild times during the past week. If the country at large were involved in what is going on, there would be one of the worst panics ever known. Speculators and brokers seem to have gone "speculation" crazy. For some days past prices of all kinds of stocks had been boomed up, up, up, until they reached prices in which there was no sort of reason. There was bound to come a time when people who bought would want to sell, and one of those times happened on last Thursday. In Wall Street on that day, the opening of business was chaotic. Some shrewd, longheaded, sharp and rich people were "pulling wires" and strings, and the little fellows for whom the sharpers were lying were dancing about like so many wild Indians getting ready to go on the war path. The one desire seemed to be to sell—sell anything to anybody who was willing to take stock and give money for it. When it appearred that the corner operators were determined to have their pound of flesh from the people caught in their net, everybody felt that he must free himself from his load of stocks and stand from under, lest worse sßould happen.

Brokers, speculators, clerks, messengers and others who go to make up the daily life of Wall street, came early to their offices that morning. A crucial day was expected. That nervousness that haunts a man when momentous events are impending and drives him ahead of time to the place where "things will happen" impelled all Wall street men to come down town to the scene of battle early.

After the opening of the exchange, panic reigned. The top-heavy structure, rigged by weeks of speculation, toppled over like a house of cards, wiping out the paper profits of thousands.

Scenes on the exchange were wild in the extreme, brokers fighting and tearing about like mad in an endeavor to make the best bargains possible for their customers who placed with them orders to sell.

Sale of stocks during the first hour that were 741,300 shares. During the second hour it was impossible for the experts to keep track of them. There was a chaos of speculation which baffles description.

The state of excitement was all through the financial district during the period of the panic. Now and then a white faced woman would peer from a cab outside a broker's office and would be driven off in a fainting condition after receiving a message from the side. But the real stress of the occasion came upon men who were shut up in either their private offices or those of brokers, or who were struggling and even fighting on the floor of the exchange. The outside country could obtain little idea of the actual occurrences on the exchange, as the brokers are remote from the public galleries. In the brokers' offices sat many men who were reduced to absolute ruin as a result of fifteen minutes proceedings on the Stock Exchange.

Some of these had been made rich within a few weeks past as a result of the unparalleled rise of prices. With the true gambling spirit they replaced all their winnings in new ventures on each successful turn. The drop, therefore, wiped them all out. In many cases one could see the gambler's fortitude with which the chances of gain were accepted. But the glittering attraction of the stock market has brought into it a constantly increasing assortment of more staid and inexperienced speculators; men and women who have brought long standing hoards from secret places and from savings bank deposits with the determination to make one successful stroke and then retire with the proceeds. The demonstrations from this class, which included many women speculators, furnished the hysterical scenes ond sensations of the day.

As an illustration of the tremendous and ruinous changes which occurred in the price of stocks during the day, the stock in the Northern Pacific railroad was selling at $170.00 per share when the exchange opened. The price ran up quickly to $200 per share and then to $300, to $500 and eveu to $700 per share on regular transactions, and $1,000 per share for cash. Then it began to go down and during the day it sold as low as $100.00, and before the panic was over the same stock was again selling for about $325.00 a share. This was the wildest fluctuation that occurred, but nearly every other stock on the market fell with a crash, and during the wild melee many fortunes were made and lost.

Several business houses failed, and a number of smaller houses closed their doors fearing to undertake anything.

THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year,	$1.00
Six Months,	.60
Three Months,	35

No. ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL RALEIGH N.C. 11.

AND "TIMES CHANGE AND MEN CHANGE WITH THEM"

The Charlotte Observer in a recent issue prints a clipping from THE CAUCASIAN and comments upon the same as follows:

Times change and men change with them. This significant paragraph is from THE CAUCASIAN, ex-Senator Marion Butler's paper:

"It is time for the farmer and business men to join hands to liberate North Carolina from the political domination of such men as Simmons and his machine. They stand in the way of the industrial progress of the state."

The farmer and business men of North Carolina, the solid people of the state, should have been hand in hand all the while, for their interests are one, but it does not seem so many moons ago since THE CAUCASIAN was teaching and preaching that the business man was the farmer's sworn enemy.

The Observer is right when it says that times have changed, but when it intimates that THE CAUCASIAN has fundamentally changed in its position it is in error. THE CAUCASIAN has simply accommodated itself to the changed conditions which surround some of the principles for which it has always stood.

For instance, THE CAUCASIAN has today no serious quarrel with the man who advocates gold as the only material out of which standard money should be made. Why? Because THE CAUCASIAN has always contended that the substance out of which money was made was an immaterial consideration, but that the quality of money was regulated by its quantity and its quantity by the needs of business; and that the quantity should be increased from time to time in proportion to the increase of population and business. When the present gold standard law was enacted THE CAUCASIAN opposed it, because at that time it seemed that there was not enough gold in the world to supply the quantity of legal tender money which the world needed. In short, our chief objection to gold as the only legal tender money was that the quantity was not sufficient. Since that time the great out-put of gold from the rich mines of Alaska; and the still greater output from the thousands of low grade gold mines which it had not been profitable to work until the new concentration and cyanide processes were discovered; have increased the quantity of gold to such an extent as to prevent the money famine which would have followed the adoption of the gold standard with the ordinary out-put of gold. Indeed, the increased out-put of gold has been as large, if not larger than would have been the increase of legal tender money by the free coinage of silver, provided the output of gold and silver had continued practically the same as it was in 1894, '95, and '96. While THE CAUCASIAN believes it is foolish to use so expensive a material as gold for money when everybody prefers a government paper dollar, yet that is a matter of detail and not a matter of principle. The only question of principle that was ever involved in the money question was the question of quantity; for, when increased to keep pace with the growth of business and population, quantity regulates absolutely the quality of money and keeps the quality the same one year with another. THE CAUCASIAN is not spending its time at present in any controversy with the men with whom it has differed most in the past on the money question, because a kind Providence has opened the bowels of the earth and temporarily solved this question by supplying a sufficient quantity of the yellow metal to meet the money demands of the world.

Again, THE CAUCASIAN has always contended for an income tax. Today it has no quarrel with those with whom it has most differed in the past on that question, because in 1896 the Democratic party was patriotic enough to declare itself for an income tax, and now the Republican party, through one of its leading spokesmen, Gen. Grosvenor, of Ohio, has also declared itself in favor of an income tax.

Again, THE CAUCASIAN has always contended for a postal telegraph and telephone and for postal savings banks. While the Democratic party has never been wise and patriotic enough to declare for these needed reforms to complete the postal system, yet we are glad to see that recently Col. Dick, chairman of the republican state committee of Ohio, late secretary of the republican national committee, congressman from the state of Ohio, and a man very close to the administration has announced himself in favor of all these reforms, and says that it will not be long before the Republican party will see that they are adopted. Therefore, we have now no quarrel with those men who in the past have so bitterly opposed these reforms, but who are now for them.

Again, THE CAUCASIAN sees in the present industrial situation conditions that will make equally as rapid and remarkable conversions among certain politicians, leaders, and business men who in the past have opposed government ownership of railroads. Therefore, we will soon have no quarrel or contention with that class of men with whom we have felt it our duty to contend.

No, brother Caldwell, THE CAUCASIAN is not just now in a complaining humor. It feels highly gratified that so much progress in the interest of humanity and good government is being made. THE CAUCASIAN will be delighted to see these great governmental and humanitarian reforms come through any source, so they come. With such prospects as these, heightened by the trend towards manufacturing which has set in and the developing of the rich industrial resources of the South, we feel on good terms with ourselves and with the world, and are only too anxious to put our shoulder to the wheel and exert whatever mite of strength and influence we may possess toward pushing forward the good work.

But there is another side to this picture. The one dark spot on it is the domination of the state by the politicians of the stripe of Simmons, Daniels, Winston & Co. As in the past, however, we have had the courage, or temerity, if you please, to raise our voice in favor of that which we thought was right and against that which we thought was wrong, we feel that it is now our duty to raise our voice against the domination of the State and the blighting of its bright prospects by such men as these. In the past we have not hesitated to say what we thought was our duty, though we failed to have the approval of many whose encouragement we would have desired, nor will we hesitate now. We will only hope that in this laudable undertaking in which we hope to assist, we will have the co-operation, or at least, the approval of more of the good people of the state than we have ever had before.

Yes, brother Caldwell, times have changed and men change with them, but in this case it is the other fellow who has changed.

NOW LET THE MACHINE TRY TO IMPEACH THE WHOLE COURT.

The first act of the last legislature that has come before the Supreme Court has been declared unconstitutional. That legislature in its wild partisanship and its mad greed for office and spoils, at the public expense, created an unconstitutional officeholder—a judge. The unconstitutional judge—Judge (?) Jones, of Asheville, rushed with almost indecent haste to qualify in order to draw his salary and to exercise his supposed judicial functions. Parties whose interests were being determined by this unconstitutional judge had the nerve and hardihood to question the infallibility of the last legislature, and so brought the matter before the Supreme Court to be decided. The Supreme Court, with Chief Justice Furches and Associate Justice Douglas (whom the machine failed to impeach) sitting on the bench, promptly and properly declared unconstitutional the act of the legislature making Judge Jones the judge before a constitutional office was created for him to fill. The blundering incompetence of the legislature was so apparent that even Judge Clark did not dissent; in fact, he wrote the unanimous opinion of the court.

It is said that when a telegram reached Asheville announcing the decision of the court, the pseudo-judge unceremoniously grabbed his hat and left the bench, making a bee-line for the door. The sheriff thereupon halted the judge (?) and appealed to him to wait and adjourn court, and, if not, to instruct him (the sheriff) how to adjourn the court. Whereupon Judge Jones, or, rather, now plain Mr. Jones, turned to the sheriff and said, "I do not know how to help you. Adjourn it any way you can."

We admit that this was rather undignified, but still what else could Mr. Jones do, realizing as he did that he was not judge and that there was no court in session to be adjourned.

It is now in order for the machine to attempt to impeach all the members of the court for rendering "an unconstitutional opinion" and for being influenced by partisan motives to try to bring the "immaculate and infallible legislature" into public contempt. Why not let the state be treated again to the ludicrous, not to say disgraceful, spectacle of last summer when the machine had its legislature meet at every change of the moon to watch the court and threaten it with impeachment? This would give Mr. Allen and the remainder of his co-conspirators and prosecutors (who did not perchance create new offices for themselves while members of the legislature) a chance to meet every time the court declares a piece of their partisan, blundering and self-aggrandizing legislation unconstitutional, and then proceed to start up again their infamous but futile impeachment proceedings.

The leaders of this machine must have enough intellect, if not enough sense of propriety, to begin to realize that that they are making themselves ridiculous to say the least. But however that may be, surely the great mass of the good people who make up a majority of the citizens and voters of the State have already realized that such proceedings are not only unworthy of the legislature of this great commonwealth, but that they are bringing the State into disrepute and damaging its industrial progress.

WALL STREET AND ITS MOTTO.

Language seems inadequate to express the condition of affairs that existed in Wall street and other financial centres a few days ago. In the wild flurry desolation and financial ruin came to many people, while fortunes came to others. It seems that two syndicates were attempting to secure control of certain railroad stocks, and from this competition there began a speculation and an excitement that affected everything in the shape of stocks for a few days. It is estimated that over thirty million dollars were lost by those on the wrong side. Of course this was gained by somebody. The stock exchange was so demoralized and unsettled as to threaten to go to pieces altogether. It had to be closed down for two days so that brokers, speculators and manipulators could have time to form some idea as to how they stood. It is hardly too much to say that this exchange was saved from destruction by some multi-millionaires who will have a use for it in the future. Millions on millions of money were put out to save it from wreck, and to preserve it for fleecing those who can be ensnared by its webs in days to come. The practical motto of Wall street magnates is "a fool is born every minute." The great capitalists have managed during the week to restore something like order, by letting off some of the greatest losers lightly, because they do not want to see "the goose that lays the golden egg" die.

Hopes, opinions and predictions as to what will become of the democratic machine in this state are so numerous as to permit the assertion that that machine cannot live much longer. Certainly it is doomed if the people happen to see it just as it is. The Asheville Register expresses what seems to be an easily possible fact when it says: Some day a weeding out process will be inaugurated in the democratic organization, and the prime movers for reform will be self-respecting democrats.

There seems to be considerable life and vim among the Catawba county Pops. A meeting of the county executive committee has been called for the 25th inst at Conover, and the Hickory Mercury very pertinently says: It is time for us to begin to look around and take some concerted action for the future. As a party the time was never more propitious for growth and to make its influence felt than now.

It may be that the act of the legislature concerning shipping logs from the state, and which has been referred to as the "sneak" bill, is not a "sneak" after all, but a plain case of unadulterated foolishness. The author of it has written a long letter "explaining" it in full and seems to insist that it was regularly and "knowingly" passed.

At San Jose, California, one of the stopping places of President McKinley while on his tour, the people presented him with the largest boquet ever made. It was 90 feet in circumference and stood in its frame 25 feet high. The stem was a telegraph pole sunk in the ground. It was composed of cut flowers of every variety that blooms.

Hail storms appear to be playing havoc in some sections of the state. In addition to the reports on the first page, news has just been received of a hail storm at Newbern on Tuesday, which damaged the truck farms to the extent of one hundred thousand dollars.

The people of the burned city of Jacksonville are in distress. They have been compelled to call on the people of the country for help. There are ten thousand homeless and almost helpless people there now.

In the municipal election held in Asheville last week, the straight-machine democratic ticket was defeated by the citizens ticket. The "straights" lost in some other towns also.

THE SOUTHERN BAPTISTS.

The Next Convention Will be Held in Asheville.

The Southern Baptist Convention has been in session in New Orleans for the past week. Among the resolutions adopted is the following:

"We, as Baptists in convention assembled, believe it unscriptural to ask for or receive indemnity for injuries or losses suffered in China through persecution, and instead to suffer persecution and injury for Christ's sake.

"We seek souls of the Chinese; we are willing to suffer the loss of goods for the sake of the Lord"

At the session of Sunday night Asheville, N. C., was decided upon as the next meeting place, in May, 1902.

THE ARCHITECT

Of the World's Finest Library Building Recommends Peruna for Catarrh.

CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Hon. I. S. Smithmeyer, architect of the new Congressional Library of Washington, D. C., ranks first in his profession in this country. This library is considered the finest building in the United States. Mr. Smithmeyer spent sixteen years traveling in Europe working on the plans, and Congress appropriated six million dollars for this building.

In a letter written from Washington and dated July 4th, 1899, to The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., Mr. Smithmeyer says the following in regard to Peruna, the world-renowned catarrh cure:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4, 1899.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—I endorse the good opinion expressed by Senators and Representatives in Congress regarding the curative qualities of your compound. Those who have used it recommend it as an excellent tonic which is particularly effective as a cure for catarrh.

Respectfully,
I. S. Smithmeyer.

One of the most wonderful events in the history of medicine is the multitude of remarkable endorsements which Peruna is receiving as a catarrh cure from men and women of national importance. During the past two years a large number of people well known from ocean to ocean, have in glowing words of unstinted praise made Peruna the most famous and justly celebrated catarrh remedy in the world.

Men high in our national councils, statesmen known the world over, distinguished officers in the army and navy, physicians, lawyers, preachers, and last but not least, an innumerable company of people in the common walks of life, have all joined to place Peruna on the highest pedestal of honor that any remedy has ever reached in the history of medicine.

There can be no further question that Peruna is the catarrh remedy of the age. It has no rival. There are no substitutes. Peruna stands alone as a systemic catarrh cure which will cure catarrh in all phases and stages.

Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Start Girls Right!

Many beautiful girls become invalids for life, because at the crucial period of puberty they pay no attention to the laws of health. Mothers should protect their daughters' health by giving them necessary information and proper treatment. When the menses come on a girl unawares in her inexperience she is either frightened into convulsions, or scared into trying to check the flow. Many girls have checked the flow and it has never started again. And as a result they have grown pale-faced, with "crow-tracks" in their cheeks, and dark half-moons under their eyes. A dose of

WINE OF CARDUI

taken every morning after a girl is twelve years old will bring the menses on properly and keep them regular. It will help her to develop into attractive womanhood and equip her for the duties of wife and motherhood. All druggists sell $1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

The Hollywood, Asbury Park, N. J., February 8, 1900.
I read your advertisement in regard to Wine of Cardui in the Baltimore American, and it so favorably impressed me that on my visit to Baltimore during the holidays I purchased a bottle of it for my adopted daughter, who was suffering with female troubles. She had been under the doctor's care for some time, and when her periods would come on her suffering was something terrible. I induced her to try it and the first dose brought on her menses. She took it regularly according to the directions, and was greatly relieved. To use her own words, "It saved my life." J. WESLEY CROSS.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

FOOD CHANGED TO POISON.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing constipation, billiousness, sick headache, fevers, all liver, kidney and bowel troubles. Only 25c.
Sold by all druggists.

It begins to looks as though some democratic papers are getting wide awake enough to be ashamed of the record of their party in this state for the past three years.

HE KEPT HIS LEG.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, 'but,' he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 1½ boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg was sound and well as ever" For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. Will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents
Sold by all druggists.

It seems possible that the revenue act of the last legislature may get into trouble. By the time the Supreme Court gets through unravelling the terrific tangle that august body got everything into, the Judges will probably be weary; and then they may have to go before a high court of impeachment again.

DON'T LET THEM SUFFER.

Often children are tortured with itching and burning eczema and other skin diseases but Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the raw sores, expels inflammation, leaves the skin without a scar. Clean, fragrant, cheap there's no salve on earth as good. Try it. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c.
For sale by all druggists.

$1,500,000 RAISED.

The Southern Methodist Church's Twentieth Century Thank Offering Completed.

Nashville, Tenn.,—The board of education of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, met here May the 7th, Bishop Galloway presiding. Dr. J. D. Hammond, recording secretary, reported that $1,500,000 ordered by the General Conference as a thank offering for the twentieth century had been raised. Bishop Duncan delivered an address on mission schools. The work of classifying colleges was completed.

THOUSANDS SENT INTO EXILE.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at
Sold by all druggists.

GUARANTEED SALARY $900 YEARLY.

Men and women of good address to represent us, some to travel appointing agents, others for local work looking after our interests. $900 salary guaranteed yearly; extra commissions and expenses; rapid advancement, old established house. Grand chance for earnest man or woman to secure pleasant, permanent position, liberal income and future. New, brilliant lines. Write at once.

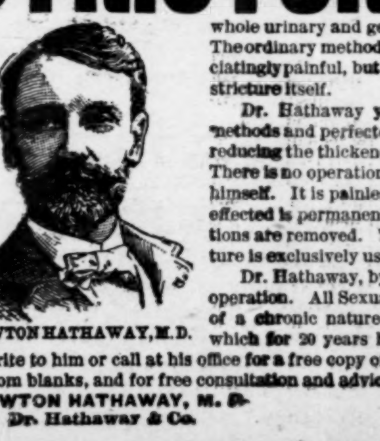
STAFFORD PRESS,
23 Church St., New Haven, Conn

STRICTURE

When neglected, almost invariably results in a score of serious complications, frequently causing uremic poisoning resulting in death. Stricture, even when slight, weakens the whole urinary and genital organism and the whole nervous system. The ordinary methods resorted to for a cure are not only excruciatingly painful, but frequently cause disorders as serious as the stricture itself.

Dr. Hathaway years ago discarded these old-time barbarous methods and perfected a system by which he removes the stricture, reducing the thickened walls of the passage to a normal condition. There is no operation. The treatment is applied by the patient himself. It is painless and takes no time from business. The cure effected is permanent and all complications of the diseased conditions are removed. This method of treatment and cure of Stricture is exclusively used by Dr. Hathaway.

Dr. Hathaway, by a similar method, cures Varicocele without operation. All Sexual, Urinary, Nervous, Blood and other diseases of a chronic nature are treated by him by his exclusive system, which for 20 years has proved invariable in its results.



J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.

Write to him or call at his office for a free copy of his new 64 page book and self-examination symptom blanks, and for free consultation and advice.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.
22½ "D" South Broad Street
Atlanta Ga

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
Nassau St.,
New York.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY.

Some Information About the Session of 1901—Wrightsville the Place of Meeting.

The Teachers' Assembly will meet June 11th to 16th inclusive at Wrightsville Beach near Wilmington. The sessions of the Assembly will be held at the Sea Shore hotel. This hotel and Ocean View are both within a few feet of the ocean's waves. Rates for board to members of the Assembly on the beach will be $1.50 per day.

The railroad fare from any point in the state will be one first class fare plus the membership fee of $2 for coupon ticket.

Female members will be refunded one dollar when they present their railroad coupons to the secretary.

Any one can easily calculate what the trip will cost. Get the nearest railroad agent to give the one first-class fare to Wilmington and add $2.00.

All persons who purchase the Assembly coupon tickets from railroad agents will be entitled to all the special privileges and special hotel rates that are given to bona-fide teachers. In short, any one who buys the coupon ticket becomes a member of the Assembly, after presenting the railroad coupon to the secretary and receiving for this the certificate of membership.

It is absolutely necessary to have the membership certificate before you can get special rates on steamboat or at the hotels.

See the secretary as soon as possible after your arrival and avoid extra charges that you will have to pay without it.

The trip need not cost more than $12 to $20 from most points in the state.

For further information write the Secretary, C. H. Mebane, Newton, N. C.

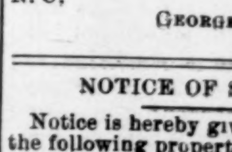
THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

SUMMER TERM.

Begins June 17th and continues six weeks.
20 University Courses Offered
The Summer School for Teachers,
Begins June 17th and continues Three Weeks.
Instruction given in every branch of school work.
For circular containing full information address
F. P. VENABLE, President,
or M. C. S. NOBLE,
Supt. Summer School.

W. R. Smith, Pres. Commercial College of KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, KY.
References—Awards at 2 greatest World's Expositions and thousands of graduates in positions. Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, about $90. SHORTHAND, TYPE-WRITING & TELEGRAPHY, SPECIALTIES. The Kentucky University Diploma, under seal, awarded graduates. Literary Course free, if desired. No vacation. Enter now. Graduates successful. In order to have your letters reach us, address only WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky. Note.—Kentucky University resources, $500,000, and had nearly 1000 students in attendance last year.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to



GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

U. S. COMMISSION OF FISH AND FISHERIES, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16, 1901. Sealed proposals marked "Proposals for a laboratory with outbuilding on Piver's Island, near Beaufort, N. C.," and inclosed in an envelope addressed "United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, Washington, D. C., will be received at this office until 2 p. m., of June 3, 1901, at which time they will be opened in the presence of attending bidders, for the construction of a laboratory with outbuilding, on the property of the United States Fish Commission on Piver's Island, near Beaufort, N. C. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and to waive technical defects. Specifications, plans, blank proposals, and full information will be furnished on application to the United States Fish Commission, Washington, D. C., or to the Collector of Customs, at Beaufort, N. C.

GEORGE M. BOWERS,
Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Mayesville, N. C., 7 packages of corn whiskey, 285.4 gallons and still cap 2 copper worms of G. P. Rogers, March 27, 1901.

At Carthage, N. C., 17 barrels corn whiskey 754.4 gallons and copper still cap and worms, 3 mash tubs, 4 fermenting tubs, 2 cistern barrels of W. R. Trogdon, March 29, 1901.

At Carthage, N. C., 10 barrels corn whiskey, 405 gallons of W. R. Trogdon, March 27, 1901.

At Ransom's Bridge, N. C., 35 gallons corn whiskey, of Jim Wilder, Apr. 15, 1901.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within thirty days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector.
By J. P. H. ADAMS, Deputy Collector,
Raleigh, N. C.

April 23, 1901.

Elkin Woolen Mills

YOU CAN GET BOYS' YOUTHS' AND MEN'S PANTS MADE TO MEASURE FOR LITTLE MORE THAN COST OF THE GOODS.

THE COMPANY PAYS FREIGHT ON WOOL AND WILL GIVE YOU PROMPT RETURNS.

If you want to exchange your wool or have it manufactured into the best Blankets, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels and Yarns to be had in America, if you want the best made and most comfortable fitting pants you ever wore; if you want to trade with the cleverest men you ever had any dealings with, try the ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS and you will never regret it. They have one of the largest mills in the South. They ship their goods to nearly every State in the Union, and the quality of their work is unexcelled.

Write them for their handsome new catalogue, and do not dispose of your wool until you see it. Address,

CHATHAM MFG. CO., Properietors, ELKIN, N. C.

MARION BUTLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
505 and 504 Tucker Building,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Practices in all State and Federal Courts.

John E. Fowler. C. E. McCullen
FOWLER AND McCULLEN
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
CLINTON, - - - N. C.
Will practice wherever services are required. Special attention given to collections. Office over O. J. Powell's Store.

LESTER F. BUTLER. HAL. W. AYER.

The Manhattan Life

BUTLER AND AYER

GENERAL AGENTS.

A better Policy written, a Premium lower or not greater than by any other of the oldest and strongest Companies.

Liberal Commissions to Soliciting Agents.

For Terms, Apply to

BUTLER AND AYER

505 Tucker Building,

Raleigh, N. C.

CALIFORNIA King Gold Mines Company

32 Broadway and 69 New St., New York.
JOHN P. JONES, President.
CAPITAL 1,000,000 SHARES PAR VALUE, $5,00 EACH.
FULL PAID—NON-ASSESSABLE.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. John P. Jones, Gold Hill, Nev. U. S. Senator and mine owner.
Hon. James B. Grant, Denver, Colo. Ex-Gov. of Colorado, of Grant & Omaha Smelting Co.
Hon. R. F. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls, S. D., U. S. Senator.
Hon. Willard Teller, Denver, Colo. Attorney at Law.
Wm. C. Kean, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. Real Estate and Insurance.
John C. Montgomery, Denver, Colo. Pres Montgomery Investment Co.
Hon. Ashley W. Cole, Brooklyn, N. Y., Chairman Board of State Railroad Commissioners.
Stilson Hutchins, Washington, D. C. Publisher and mine owner.
Harry M. Gorham, Carson City, Nev. Pres. Bullion Exchange Bank and Supt. Comstock mines.
Hon Stephen W. Dorsey, N. Y. Ex U. S. Senator and mine owner.
Jerome B. Landfield, Jr., Binghamton, N. Y. Director Binghamton Trust Co.
J. B. Landfield, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKERS:

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, 63 Broadway, New York.

Offer 200,000 Shares Treasury Stock at $3.00 per Share.

The California King Gold Mines Company owns 23 claims in Picacho Basin, four miles from the Colorado River in California, and 20 miles by direct road from Yuma, Ariz.

Development work has been in progress for the last six years, and more than 10,000 feet of shafts, drifts, levels and cuts have been completed and paid for by the owners.

Upwards of fifteen million tons of ore are now ready for the mill all of which will be mined by open cuts at a nominal cost.

A contract has been entered into for the erection of a mill and cyanide plant capable of handling 1,000 tons of ore daily, which will be completed this year. The directors guarantee that this plant will be placed in operation, regardless of the amount of treasury stock subscribed.

The net profit after commencing operations will exceed $60,000 a month, and probably reach $100,000 a month, within a year. The ore in sight will supply such a plant for more than forty years.

The property is owned by the directors. There is no promotion stock or promotion money. No salaries to officers. Every dollar realized from the sale of stock goes into the treasury to pay for the plant. Not a share of stock has been offered for sale before.

Reports of J. Ralston Bell, London; Wm. A. Farish, Denver; Emerson Gee, Denver; P. C. DuBois, Berkeley, Cal; J. L. Sheperd and others, all eminent mining engineers, agree in recommending this property.

Application will be made to list stock on the Boston Stock Exchange. Prospectus and any information desired will be furnished on application.

Subscriptions received by
THE CALIFORNIA KING GOLD MINES CO, 32 BROADWAY, N.Y.
NOYES & DANA, 27 State St., Boston.
WYNNE, PRINCE & CO., INC., Betz Bldg. Philadelphia.
PRESTON, WATT & SCHOYER, 411 Wood St., Pittsburg.

Fifty Thousand Copies

Of TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC will be issued for the Year 1901.

To advertise is simply to make known, who you are, where you are, and what you have to sell. How to do this effectually, and at the smallest possible cost is the problem for you to solve. The failure to obtain desired results from advertising is due to the way some people do it, and they invariably say "It does not pay." The judicious way is to use a medium that has reputation, circulation and permanency. Turner's N. C. Almanac has been the State Standard for 64 years, and has an annual circulation of 50,000 copies, and remains a standing advertisement for a year. Advertising rates upon application.

ENNIS PUBLISHING CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } S. S.
CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY.

N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNISS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900.

N. B. BROUGHTON.

SEAL.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this the 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. RUSS, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C., May 16, 1901.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

CURRENT LOCAL NEWS.

But little over five hundred votes were cast in the municipal election for this city last week. The population is about 14 000 in the corporate limits. It was very easy for the administration.

Sunday was a great day in Raleigh for the colored people who affiliate with the Methodist Episcopal church. They dedicated a building which has cost about $40,000. It was begun in 1884.

The indications are that unusual interest will be taken in the next State Fair. Raleigh has hardly done her part in some fairs, but she will probably make a record this year that will be gratifying.

The War Department has issued to the A. & M. College 150 new rifles, with the proper equipment. Heretofore there have not been enough to equip more than two-thirds of the cadet battalion. Two 3-inch guns are to be issued to the college and later on these will be replaced by those of later pattern.

There are now three telephone systems in Raleigh, all hustling for business. One system would be enough, and would be much more convenient, to say nothing of being more economical, if every body would settle on one. All things being equal, the Raleigh system, owned by people of the city, should be favored by telephone users.

The Wake county treasurer, Capt. B. P. Williamson, is advertising the sale of fourteen thousand dollars worth of county bonds, bearing interest at five per cent. and running thirty years. This means that fourteen hundred dollars will be spent for something for the county. Twenone thousand dollars interest will be paid to somebody for nothing, and then the county must redeem the bonds. In other words the county must spend thirty-five thousand dollars for fourteen thousand dollars worth of something.

At the last meeting of the L. O. B. Branch Camp of Confederate Veterans at Raleigh, announcement was made that Mrs. Gen. D. H. Hill had donated to the camp an acre of land near Hendersonville, N. C., and more if necessary, for the location of a summer camp for veterans. Commander Stronach was requested to correspond with other camps for the purpose of fixing up the property to meet the object intended by the donor. The land is beautifully located in the mountains and is near the Asheville & Spartanburg railroad.

THE COUNTY TAXES.

Sheriff Page Makes a Settlement With the County Commissioners.

The board of county commissioners met last Saturday for the purpose of receiving the final settlement of Sheriff M. W. Page, of county taxes for the year 1900.

The total amount of taxes, exclusive of those for State purposes, which are settled with the State Treasurer, collected by Sheriff Page in Wake county for 1900, is as follows:

For schools	$35,674.86
For schools (Schedule B)	2,695.00
Total for schools	$38,269.86
For county	$35,166 95
For county (Schedule B	7,447.82
Total for county	$42,614,77
School bonds (Raleigh)	$47,995.00
Graded schools	15,997.70
For roads	8,993.21
Jury tax	90.25

WHITE AND COLORED ILLITERATES.

Some Statistics as to Children in Wake County Who Cannot Read and Write.

County Superintendent of Public Schools, W. G. Clements, is planning for teachers' institutes to be held in the various school districts. The new school law requires that one of these meetings of teachers shall be held in each township each year.

Early in the year he sent to the teachers in the county a circular letter asking for the number of children in each district between the ages of 12 and 21 years who cannot read and write. Replies have been received from seventy-seven of the eighty-three white school districts, and these returns show that there are 220 white boys and girls over 12 and under 21 years who cannot read and write; 56 of the 63 colored districts show 396 negro children in a similar condition.

There are 9,742 white children of the school age—6 to 21 years—and 8,779 negroes, which would indicate that that the percentage of illiteracy among the negroes is double that among the whites.

Raleigh township is not included in these reports.

Barton's Creek made the poorest showing of any township for the white children. In one school district there are 34 illiterate white children.

The following reports are so far received:

Townships.	White.	Col.
Barton's Creek	34	5
Buckhorn	2	30
Cary	0	12
Cedar Fork	4	20
Holly Springs	4	17
House's Creek	14	13
Little River	20	25
Mark's Creek	5	13
Middle Creek	30	21
Neuse River	0	32
New Light	10	23
Oak Grove	6	22
Panther Branch	9	12
St. Mary's	21	20
St. Matthews	15	16
Swift Creek	7	54
Wake Forest	18	56
White Oak	21	5
Totals	220	396

Six white districts have not reported, and seven colored.

A Purse Found.

A purse containing money has been found on Fayetteville street, of this city. If the owner will call at room 505 Tucker Building, and identify the purse, it will be returned to him upon paying to the CAUCASIAN the cost of this advertisement.

Pungent Points For Purchasers.

Somebody in every community, and in fact some one in almost every family wants printing of some kind done at some time. Now, when that time comes no one can do better than to send an order to or make enquiry of the Capital Printing Company. of Raleigh. This house does everything in the printing line and does it well, promptly and prettily. Its color printing is especially attractive. Its work in letter heads, bill heads, circulars, business cards, wedding invitations and the like has attracted much attention at State Fairs. The cleverness of the establishment has won for it the name of "The Hustling Printers of the South." Its announcement is in this issue.

If you need a few days time to pay for anything you want in the line of groceries, call on the Raleigh Grocery Co, in the Pullen Building, on Fayetteville Street, and while this house will give you "time," it will also give you your "money's worth." It has an announcement in this issue of the CAUCASIAN quoting prices at which it sells some of the standard articles, and these quotations tell their own story. This establishment appears to be determined to be a benefactor to people in need, for in addition to its lenient policy of "time," it announces its readiness to lend money to any one wanting it on light security. See and read the card in this paper.

For people coming to the city to spend a day or a few hours, there is no more convenient or desirable place than Giersch's Restaurant and Lunch-room, at 216, Fayetteville St. Since its establishment, it has proved to be something that was much needed in Raleigh, and it fills a particular purpose with a nicety to details that make it a most attractive stopping place. It is provided with electric fans which keep it cool on the most oppressive days, and the visitor may be assured of comfort as well as the most appetizing refreshment. Everything which the best markets afford is served promptly and with polite and pleasant quietude.

Many people who have felt weary or tired in the head know that relief comes with the use of Hicks' Capudine, which has won the reputation of being one of the most pleasant and yet most effective headache cures known. The good results of this preparation can be attested by numbers who have tried it. Dull aches and pains yield quickly to the remedy, no matter what the cause of the aching and pain, and not the least desirable characteristic of it is that no bad or unpleasant effects ever come from its use. It is the product of long and careful investigation and study and ranks in the very front line of sovereign cures. A new card appears in this issue.

A Raleigh business house that dates its existence from 1827, announces in this issue, that it will make it to the interest of the public to deal with it. THE CAUCASIAN declares that this house will do what it says, and commends it to all prospective purchasers. It is the W. H. King Drug Co., which conducts a wholesale and retail business in standard goods and preparations of everything known to the drug trade, and it can interest the house-keeper or house wife in the matter of the choicest spices, flavoring extracts &c. The goods dealt in and the stock carried make this establishment one of the most convenient and well equipped concerns in the South, and the first instance is yet to be recorded in which it has failed to please and gratify its patrons. A full stock, high quality and low prices seem to constitute its business motto. and is the main spring of its success and growing favor with the purchasing public.

The Raleigh Market.

Current Prices of Farm and Garden Produce.

[The prices quoted are paid to the producer.]

Cotton	7¾ to 8

FARM PRODUCTS.

The market continues stiff on all farm products. Eggs and chickens very scarce and in demand.

Eggs--Fresh	11½ to 12
Poultry—Live, good.	
Chickens, old hens. large,	30 to 35
Small hens	25
Chickens	20 to 30
Chickens, large spring,	25 to 35
Hams, N Carolina,	12 to 15
Hams, Virginia,	13 to 15
Hams, Sugarcured,	13 to 15
Irish potatoes, Northern, per bushel,	1 50to1 60
Irish potatoes, new, per bbl.	6 00to7.50
Irish potatoes, seed. per bbl.	2 50to3 50
Lard, per pound	9¾ to 10
Butter, per pound	15 to 20
New cabbage scarce crate	2 50 to 3 00
New tomatoes.	
Strawberries per qt	12½ to 15

Raleigh Business Directory.

A newspaper whose columns overflow with advertisements of business men has more influence in attracting attention to building up a town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor go where there is an enterprising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as a newspaper well patronized, and its power should be appreciated.—T. DeWitt Talmage.

☞ The business houses named below are establishments whose methods of dealing may be relied upon as the very best known to the business world:

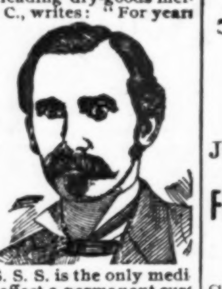
ALLEN, Daniel & Co.—Shoes.
ANTICEPHALGINE--Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
BLAKE, T. W.—Watch Repairing and Jewelry.
BRIDGERS, Jno. E. & Co.—Tailors and Haberdashers.
BROWN, H. J. Undertaker.
CAPITAL PRINTING CO Printers
DOBBIN & FERRALL Dry Goods
FERRALL, J. R. & Co. Grocers.
GREEN, J. B. & Co. Grocers.
GIERSCH, R. F. Restaurant
HICKS' Capudine, Headache and Neuralgia Cure.
KING, W. H. Drug Co. Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
LEWIS, Julius, Hardware Co.—Bug Death.
McGEACHY, A. S. Pharmacist.
MANHATTAN Life Insurance Co. Gen. Agency.
RALEIGH Marble Works.—Monuments.
RALEIGH GROCERY CO. Money's Worth.
SIMPSON'S Eczema Cure. Pharmacist.
STRONACH'S, W. C. Sons. Grocers.
WHITING Bros.—Clothing.
WILLIAMS, A. & Co. School Books.

CATARRH

Catarrh has become such a common disease that a person entirely free from this disgusting complaint is seldom met with. It is customary to speak of Catarrh as nothing more serious than a bad cold, a simple inflammation of the nose and throat. It is, in fact, a complicated and very dangerous disease; if not at first, it very soon becomes so.

The blood is quickly contaminated by the foul secretions, and the poison through the general circulation is carried to all parts of the system.

Salves, washes and sprays are unsatisfactory and disappointing, because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does. It cleanses the blood of the poison and eliminates from the system all catarrhal secretions, and thus cures thoroughly and permanently the worst cases.



Mr. T. A. Williams, a leading dry-goods merchant of Spartanburg, S. C., writes: "For years I had a severe case of nasal Catarrh, with all the disagreeable effects which belong to that disease, and which make life painful and unendurable. I used medicines prescribed by leading physicians and suggested by numbers of friends, but without getting any better. I then began to take S. S. S. It had the desired effect, and cured me after taking eighteen bottles. In my opinion S. S. S. is the only medicine now in use that will effect a permanent cure of Catarrh."

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the greatest of all blood medicines and tonics.

If you have Catarrh don't wait until it becomes deep-seated and chronic, but begin at once the use of S. S. S., and send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pyny-Pectoral

A QUICK CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Very valuable Remedy in all affections of the THROAT or LUNGS

Large Bottles, 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited, Prop's of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

Anticephalalgine

The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE.

SAFEST — AND — BEST

25 and 50 cents a bottle

For Sale by all Druggists.

A Head

that throbs, pains and aches, or feels heavy, stuffy, dull or dizzy, is a poor head to do business with. It irritates the temper, upsets the stomach, interferes with digestion and wears out the brain and nerves. Make the nerves strong, the brain clear and your head will be right.

"Had headaches from boyhood, and finally got so nervous that I could not rest. Felt dizzy, dull, confused and could scarcely think connectedly. Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthened my nerves and made my head clear as a bell."
REV. W. M. VAN SICKLE, Lewisburg, Ohio.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

quiets the irritation, stimulates digestion and builds up nervous health and strength. Try a bottle.

Sold by druggists on guarantee.
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

W. C. STRONACH'S SONS.

Agents for Chase & Sanborn's Coffees and Teas.

The Thousands Kitchen Bouquet—Highly Recommended by Mrs. Rorer.

ROLLER CHAMPION FLOUR.
HE-NO TEA.
HOLLOWAY'S BUTTER.

Gordon & Dillworth's Table Delicacies.

STRONACH'S SONS.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

H. J. Brown Coffin House

JOHN W. BROWN, PROPRIETOR

FUNERAL Director and Embalmer,
207, 209 and 211
SOUTH SALISBURY STREET.
RALEIGH, N. C.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

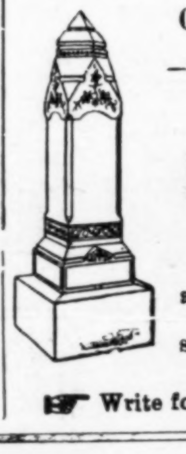
High class Goods. Lowest prices.
My Clocks are reliable—any style.
The little intermittent alarm clock is a sure worker. Every home needs one.

Repairing Done Honestly and Carefully.

If you are thinking of purchasing a Watch or watch-charm or other Jewelry, come to see me.

T. W. Blake, Raleigh, N. C.
Local Inspector for S. A. L.

Raleigh Marble Works



COOPER BROS.,
—PROPRIETORS—
RALEIGH, N. C.

Monuments.

Shipments made to any part of the state at same price as at shop.

☞ Write for Catalogue. ☜

A Match Starts the Meal If You use a WICKLESS BLUE FLAME Oil Stove

No Fuss
No Muss

If your dealer does not keep them, write to the nearest agency of STANDARD OIL CO.

Hicks' - CAPUDINE

HEADACHE CURE.

Leaves no Bad Effect Whatever.

15, 25 and 50 Cents at Druggists.

RALEIGH, N. C.

DO YOU WANT ANY PRINTING?

ALMOST EVERYBODY DOES SOMETMIE. SEND YOUR ORDERS To The

Capital Printing Company,

The "Hustling Printers" of the South.

QUICK WORK—GOOD WORK—PRETTY WORK.

RALEIGH, N. C.

R. F. GIERSCH

RESTAURANT AND LUNCH ROOM

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN AN INVITING AND PLEASANT RESORT. EVERYTHING IN SEASON.

216 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

BANQUETS AND DINNERS A SPECIALTY.

LARGE STOCK
High Quality,
Low Prices.

ESTABLISHED 1827.
INCORPORATED 1899.

"KING QUALITY" IN EVERYTHNIG BEARING OUR LABEL.

Write us for quotations on Drugs, Patent Medicines, Soda Fountain Supplies, Cigars, Cheroots, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Unfermented Grape Juice, Hospital Supplies, Sick Room Conveniences, Malt Extracts, Insect Powder, Paris Green, Garden Seeds, etc.

We invite inspection of our stock, and aim to make it to YOUR Interest to give us your business.

W. H. KING DRUG CO.

Wholesale and Prescription Druggists

RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

W. H. King, B. S. Jerman, Hon. E. C. Smith,
Julian E. Johnston, Prof. B. W. Kilgore, Capt. M. W. Page.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH

You can always get your money's worth at the

RALEIGH GROCERY CO.'S STORE,

Pullen Building, Raleigh, N. C.

Note these very Low Prices:

Sugar, granulated, 6c. per pound. Octagon Soap, 3½c. per bar. Arbuckle's Coffee, 12c per pound. The best sour Pickles 20c. per gallon.

WE WILL CREDIT YOU.

We will sell you groceries for thirty days without any money. Also money to loan at six per cent on horses, carriages, furniture and all kinds of household goods.

JNO. R. FERRALL. JOSHUA B. HILL

J. R. FERRALL & CO.,

GROCERS

222 Fayetteville Street.

Largest and best stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES in the city.

McGEACHY, DRUGGIST, McKIMMON'S OLD STAND.

ARE YOU LOOKING?

FOR DRUGS OF BEST STANDARD.
FOR TOILET ARTICLES OF TASTE.
For Soaps of Sweet and Dainty Perfume.
For Fresh and Prolific Garden and Flower Seeds

POLITE—
—ATTENTION.

SEE McGEACHY,
133 Fayetteville St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

JOHN E. BRIDGERS & CO,

TAILORS —AND— HABERDASHERS.

Latest Styles in Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs and Shirts.

121 FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

J. B. GREEN & CO.

BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM J. B. GREEN & CO.
BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

No. 9, East Hargett Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

The Man With the Ax

NEEDS CLOTHES THAT WILL WEAR.

— This is the kind —

WHITING BROS.

Make a pecialty of, at Popular Prices. Men's and Boy's hoes, 75c., $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Save Your Gardens BY USING

ORDER AT ONCE.

EXPRESS OR FREIGHT.

Special Rates.

Pat. March 26 and Nov. 2, 1892.
Pat. in Canada Nov. 2, 1892.

. . BUG DEATH . .

Non-Poisonous Insecticide.

1 Pound Package,	$ .15
3 " " "	.35
5 " " "	.50
12½ " " "	1.00
Shakers	.65

Julius Lewis Hardware Co., Raleigh, N. C.

Public School Books!

The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from

ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C

Simpson's Eczema Ointment

Cures All Skin Diseases.

CURED TO STAY CURED! YES, CURED TO STAY CURED!
And that means CURED TO STAY CURED!

Sent by Mail for 25 cents.

William Simpson, Pharmacist, Raleigh, N. C.

Our Ladies' Ready to Wear Over Garments,

DOBBIN & FERRALL
At Tucker's Store.

Tailor Made Suits,
Separate Skirts,
Shirt Waists, Silk and Washable Kinds

The Largest and Most Select Stocks

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Come to Raleigh and be fitted. No extra charge for any attentions to further perfect the fit. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Our SHOES

are all new; therefore they are in right style and do not rip—but wear better. They are made especially for us, therefore we guarantee every pair that does not give satisfaction, and sell them cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere where they are bought of jobbers, as we save the middleman's profits.

Their style is right, their service is right, the price is right—these are the 3 things to consider. See them and convince yourself.

DANIEL ALLEN AND COMPANY,
SHOE DEALERS,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Is headquarters for Everybody.
Rates $2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Elegant Rooms With Baths,
50 CENTS PER DAY EXRA.

L. T. BROWN, Manager

FREE COACH AT ALL TRAINS.

Woman and Home Circle.

Don't Look For Flaws.

Don't look for flaws as you go through
life;
And even when you find them
It is wise to be somewhat blind,
And look for the virtue behind them,
For the cloudiest night has a hint of
the light
Somewhere in the shadow hiding;
It is better by far to hunt for a star
Than the spots on the sun abiding.

The current of life runs ever away
To the bosom of God's great ocean;
Don't set your force 'gainst the river's
course
And think to alter its motion.
Don't waste a curse on the universe—
Remember it lived before you,
Don't butt at the storm with your puny form,
But bend and let it fly o'er you.

The world will never adjust itself
To suit your whim to the letter;
Some things must go wrong your
whole life long,
And the sooner you know it the better.
It is folly to fight with the Infinite,
And go under at last in the wrestle.
The wiser man shapes into God's great
plan
As the water shapes into the vessel.

—Progressive Age.

THE SOCIETY WEDDING.

The Editor Got Even by Telling the Plain Truth About it.

An editor who was thoroughly tired of the foolishness that goes on at a church wedding finally got even as follows, says the Atchison Globe man:

"They were married in great style. All the elite of the town were invited, principally because it was thought that they would be more likely to bring elegant presents for the bride.

"Of course, the ceremony took place in the church, and the church was most beautifully decorated for the occasion. Potted plants were borrowed here and there, wherever they could be secured without making the owner mad enough to fight.

"The bride's young lady friends had the decorations in charge, and when they were not making nosegays they were chewing the rag about the trouble and work, and wishing that the bride had sense enough to get up her own wedding. The ushers wore clawhammer coats, parted their hair in the middle and stepped high when they walked down the aisle. The coats were hired from a costumer and their white gloves came from an undertaker, who kept them on hand for funeral occasions.

"It was a ring ceremony. The ring was a monstrous gold band borrowed of the village jeweler. People called the bride lovely, but she was so homely that hollyhocks wouldn't grow in the dooryard where she lived. The bridegroom was dressed in conventional black, so called because his father once wore the coat to a democratic convention. The presents were simply elegant. They came from people who couldn't afford to hire the washing done or buy baker's bread. Then after a 'sumptuous wedding supper' the bride and groom went to St. Louis on their wedding tour, where they spent more money in twenty-four hours than both of them can earn in a month."

The Fad for Old Jewelry.

Among the many revivals of old fashions for the beginning of the new century none is more decided than the fancy for old jewelry; the older and quainter the better. Old ornaments of all kinds are available if only they be good of their kind, says the Woman's Home Companion. The rage for such things in Europe is extreme. Parisian goldsmiths are reproducing antique jewelry, and in England the pawnbroker's shops are ransacked for what has escaped the melting pot.

Great-grandfathers' knee-buckles—silver, gold or paste—make the most desirable of belt buckles, while nothing in neckwear is more stylish than a band of velvet ribbon fastened with an old shoe buckle. Fashionable women who have inherited the ornaments of past generations are bringing forth such treasures and taking them to the jewelers to be adapted. Most of them need to have something done to them before they can be worn, but none of them are altered or reset.

Storekeeper: "This matches your sample perfectly, madam."

Customer: "It certainly does. It couldn't be closer."

Storekeeper: "How many yards do you wish?"

Customer: "Oh! not any yet. You see, this is the very first shop I've tried!"

Oh! These Misfit Occupations.

Half the world seems to have found uncongenial occupations. Servant girls are trying to teach; natural teachers are tending stores; good farmers are murdering law, while Choates and Websters are running down good farms; and good farmers, in turn, are farming still in congress. Artists are spreading daubs on canvas who should be whitewashing board fences. Shoemakers write good verses for the village paper and natural statesmen pounding shoe lasts, while other shoemakers are cobbling in legislative halls. Good mechanics and electricians are trying to preach sermons, and wondering why their congregations continue to sleep, while the Beechers are failing as merchants.—"Success" for April.

A Girl's Essay On "Boy."

The Boy is not an animal, yet he can be heard to a considerable distance. When a Boy hollers he opens his mouth like a frog's, but girls hold their tongue till they are spoke to, and they answer respectable and tell just how it was. A Boy thinks he is clever because he can wade where it is deep, but God made the dry land for every living thing, and rested on the seventh. When the Boy grows up he's called a husband and stays out nights, but the grew up girl is a widow and keeps house.

Mr. Frost (looking up from his paper): "What are you chuckling at, Maria?"

Mrs. Frost: "I was thinking of the time when you proposed. You told me to say one little word that would make you happy for life."

Mr. Frost: "Yes, I remember. And you went and said the wrong word."

Scene—Dictation class at school.

Teacher: "Now, Tommie, look at this. Is that the way to spell window, w-i-d-o-w?"

"No, sir."

Teacher: "What is the difference between window and widow?"

"Tommie: "You can see through the one but not through the other."

Mrs. Fitzewell (socially inclined)—My daughter, I have picked out a husband for you.

Her Daughter—Very well, but I tell you emphatically that when it comes to buying the wedding dress I am going to select the material myself.

Lots of women will give up easy jobs and good salaries for the sake of working all the rest of their lives for their board and clothes.—St. Louis Star.

In the waltz every girl can claim to be a daughter of the revolution.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

TWO SIDES OF THE PICTURE.

One Man Makes a Fortune in Speculation—Another Drops Dead at Losing.

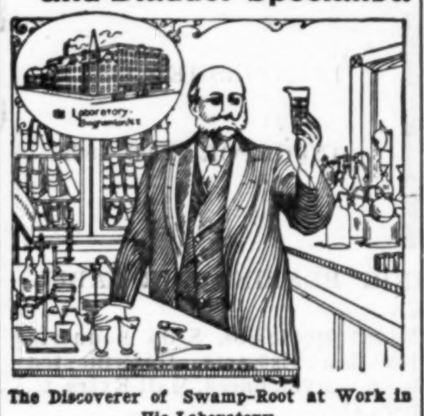
Chicago, May 2.—More than $1,000,000 clean profit on the stock of one road through holding it for a rise that was sure to come, is the fortune of a Chicago capitalist as a result of the boom in securities which is breaking records and exceeding the highest expectations of speculators here. It is only a sample of the fortunes realized in the last few weeks. Arthur Orr is the man who made over a million dollars, and the Union Pacific is what brought him this enormous amount He had ten thousand shares, and bought them three years ago around 20 and is selling a part at 131 and 133, the price to which it rose on the New York exchange today.

New York, May 3.—A tragic feature of the slump in the stock market this afternoon was the sudden death of John Kee, 55 years of age, in the brokerage office of Jacob Berry & Co., at 44 Broadway. He sat close to the ticker, and was listening intently to the quotations, which were being read off. When the decline became severe Kee turned pale, and, uttering a low cry, fell to the floor. He died in a few minutes.

The manager of the brokerage office said Kee was on the right side of the market up to the time of the break.

"This dollar that I hold in my hand," he said, "reminds me of a deep, dark, scandalous secret." "Oh, George!" his wife exclaimed dropping her hands in her lap, and bending forward eagerly, "tell me about it." "Yes," he went on, "it reminds me of a secret of that kind, because it's so hard to keep."—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

Special Rates Via S A L Railway.

United Confederate Veterans' Reunion, Memphis, Tenn., May 28-30, 1901.

Special low rates from all points; rate from Raleigh $16.45 for round trip; tickets sold May 25, 26 and 27, return limit June 4. Extension of final limit may be obtained until June 30th, by depositing ticket with Joint Agent at Memphis and upon payment of fee of fifty cents.

National Educational Association, Detroit, Mich, July 7-12, 1901.

One fare for round trip from all points, plus $2.00 membership fee. Rate from Raleigh $18.80 via Richmond, $20 60 via Washington. Tickets sold July 5, 6 and 7, return limit July 16. An extension of final limit may be obtained to September 1st, by depositing ticket before July 12 with the Joint Agent at Detroit and on payment of fee of fifty cents.

Triennial Conclave Knights Templar, Louisville, Ky, Aug. 27-30, 1901.

One fare for round trip from all points; rate from Raleigh $18.35 via Richmond; tickets sold August 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28, return limit September 3.

For further information call on or address,

C. H. Gattis,
C. P. & T. A. Raleigh, N. C.

Reasons Why you Should Insure in the Manhattan Life

Its business is confined strictly to the most healthy portions of the United States, thus its policyholders constitute what you might call a preferred class.

It is one of the strongest companies in the World, and its assets are big enough—$16,367,636.00—all gilt edged, and are invested entirely in America, thus receiving the constant care and attention of the officers of the company.

It is an American company, amenable only to our own laws and not subject to the dictation of various foreign governments.

It is not a racer for new business, the watch words of the company being, Strength, Solidity and Security.

Its policies are simple, clean, straightforward contracts.

Its management has been practically the same for a quarter of a century.

It has paid its policyholders since organizatiod over $45,000,000.00.

Ratio of Payments to Policyholders to Premiums Received from Organizatipn to January 1st, 1900.

Company.	Commenced Business.	Premiums Received.	Paid to Policyholders.	Paid per $100 rec'd
Manhattan Life,	Aug, 1850,	$55,763,054	$45,346,055	$81.31
Mutual Life,	Feb., 1843,	728,253,694	510,449,169	70.09
Mass. Mut. Life,	Aug. 1851,	60,268,275	37,647,130	62.47
Penn Mutual,	May, 1847,	87,749,054	52,215,293	59.51
New York Life,	April, 1845,	527,888,388	298,198,195	56.49
Equitable,	July, 1859,	593,109,594	322,786,211	54.42
Northwestern,	Nov., 1858,	209,752,220	107,316,914	51.16
National Life,	Feb., 1850,	36,598,233	18,006,228	49.20
Union Central,	March, 1867,	43,864,891	17,344,844	39.54

This is how the **Manhattan** has earned its title, "The Old Reliable."

BUTLER & AYER, General Agents, Raleigh, N. C.
505 Tucker Building.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Hot-breads, hot biscuits, cakes, muffins, puddings and crusts made with Royal Baking Powder are wholesome, delicious, quickly made, always light, never sour, and most economical.

Royal Baking Powder is specially refined, and equally valuable for the preparation of the finest, most delicate cookery, and substantial, everyday food. In the easy, expeditious and economical preparation of wholesome and appetizing food it is indispensable.

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

There are imitation baking powders, made from alum and sold cheap, which it is prudent to avoid. Alum in food is poisonous.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Nature made a mistake in creating men who live for themselves alone.—St. Louis Star,

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontenence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist.

RELIEFIN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidey Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

Sept. 19-1y.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

The Capital City Line.

Its Magnificent Through and Local Passenger Service between the East and South and Southwest.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is called The Capital City Line, because it enters the Capitals of the six States which it treaverses, exclusive of the Nationals Capital, through which its trains run solid from New York to Jacksonville, and Tampa Florida. It runs through Richmond, Va., Raleigh, N. C., Columbia, S. C., Atlanta, Ga., Montgomery, Ala., and Tallahassee, Fla

This road continue to run the famous Florida and Metropolitan Limited, and the Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail trains affording the only through limited service daily, including Sunday, between New York and Florida, and is the shortest line between these points.

These splendidly modern trains of the Seaboard Air Line Railway arrive at, and depart from Pennsylvania Railway stations at Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, carrying Pullman's most improved equipment, with unexcelled dining car service, compartment, drawing-room and observation cars. It has Pullman service five times per week each way from Washington to that celebrated resort, Pinehurst, N. C.

It has the short line to and from Richmond, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Raleigh, Southern Pines, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and Atlanta, and the principal cities between the South and East. It is also the direct route to Athens, Augusta and Macon.

In Atlanta, direct connections are made in the Union Station for Chattanooga, Nashville and Memphis, also for New Orleans and all points in Texas, California and Mexico.

In addition, it is the only line operating through trains, and Pullman sleeping cars between Atlanta and Norfolk, where connections are made with the Old Dominion Steamship Company, from New York, the M. & M. T. Company, from Boston and Providence, the Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Company, from Washington, the Baltimore Steam Packet Company from Baltimore, and the N. Y. P. & N Railway, from New York and Philadelphia.

Through Pullman cars also operated on quick schedules between Jacksonville and St Louis, via Monticello, and between Jacksonville and New Orleans, in addition to through trains with Buffet Chair Cars between Savannah and Montgomery.

The local train service is first class with most convenient schedules.

In fact the Seaboard Air Line Railway will ticket passengers for any points, affording the quickest schedules, finest trains, and most comfortable service. Its 1,000 mile books sold at $25 00, are good from Wasdington, D. C., over the entire system of 2,600 miles including Florida.

MILEAGE TICKETS REDUCED.

Seaboard Air Line Railway one thousand mile tickets are now sold from all points on its lines at rate of $25.00, including those previously sold in the State of Florida at $30,000. These tickets are good over the entire Seaboard Air Line Railway system and are honored between Richmond and Washington by the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and Pennsylvania railroads, between Portsmouth and Baltimore by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company (Bay Line) and between Clinton and Columbia, S. C., by the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad. All tickets which have been sold at $25,00 and endorsed "not good in State of Florida" will be honored over the entire system, including lines in Florida, regardless of such endorsements

Hewitt—Are you a believer in vaccination?

Jewett—Most certainly; it kept my daughter from playing the piano for nearly a week.—Town Topics.

Men can be cured privately and positively at home of all weakness and disease. Write for new free book to Dr. J. N. Hathaway, 22½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. tf

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "South African Nervine Tonic." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

BIG FIRE IN WILMINGTON.

A Blaze in the Warehouse District This Morning Causes a Loss of $150,000.

Wilmington, N. C., May 11th.—Fire which broke out from an unknown cause in a warehouse of the North State Improvement Company, on the London wharf, at one o'clock this morning, caused an aggregate loss of about $150,000 as follows: Atlantic Coast Line Railway Company buildings, and the old Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley wharf, $25,000; North State Improvement Company's buildings and wharf, $15,000; S. P. McNair, grocery stock, $2,000, three-fourths insured; James I. Metts, hay and grain, $4,000, fully insured; Roger Moore's Sons & Co., $2,000, fully insured; J. R. Turrentine Company, $5,000, little insurance; C. C. Covington & Co., $15,000, fully insured. Other losses were small.

Don't think the stuttering man is untruthful because he often breaks his word.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

THE Cash Buyers' Supply Company

Will furnish you (if cash accompanies the order) anything needed at home, on the farm or in your place of business, and SAVE YOU MONEY. We keep no goods, no store, hire no clerks or collectors; but, instead, purchase direct from manufacturers, wholesale dealers, jobbers, &c., AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, and for cash.

If you need any Agricultural Implement or Machinery, Farm Seeds, Hardware, Iron Roofing, Wire Fencing, Groceries, Fruit Trees, Fruits, Musical Instruments, Sewing Machines Books Stationery, Furniture, Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Tombstones, Blooded Stock or Poultry, OR ANYTHING ELSE, write for prices.

☞ Below are prices on a few leading articles, delivered at any depot in North Carolina: Two horse wagons, neat and durable, $33; one horse wagon $22 50; dump carts $20; cart wheels and axle $11.50; high arm, 5-drawer, drop-head sewing machine, with latest attachments, $16; nice cottage organ $35; chapel organ $40; beautiful 7⅓ octave pianos, splendid tone and well made, $145 and up, according to style of case and finish.

If we cannot save you money we do not want your orders.

W. S. BARNES,
Manager.
Raleigh, N. C.

R-I-P-A-N-S

Put His Stomach in Perfect Condition

Mr. William F. Hardy, Superintendent Prudential Insurance Co., Cor. Amber and Norris Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., writes:—"Permit me to thank you for the excellent remedy, Ripans Tabules. I have been suffering with constipation for about one year. I would get temporary relief, but it would return. I grew so bad about seven weeks ago that I suffered very much with my stomach. I used everything imaginable, but grew worse until I had a slight fever. A friend of mine who dined with me three weeks ago advised me to use Ripans Tabules. I bought a box and must confess that they put my stomach in a perfect condition and I feel better than I have for some time.

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R.I.P.A.N.S Tabule, and the price, 10 for 5 cents, does not bar them from any home or justify any one in enduring ills that are easily cured. For sale by Druggists

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense.

Patents taken out through us receive *special notice*, without charge, in The Patent Record, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors.

Send for sample copy **FREE.** Address,

VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.,
(Patent Attorneys,)
Evans Building, WASHINGTON, D. C.

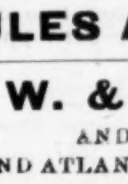
AGENTS, Booker T. Washington has written the story of his life and work. He gives his views on the Negro Problem and all his best speeches. White and colored people are giving advanced orders. A bonansa for agents. Both white and colored agents make money with this book. Write today.

J. L. NICHOLS & CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED!

Reliable man for Manager of Branch Office we wish to open in this vicinity. If your record is O. K. here is an opportunity. Kindly give good reference when writing.

THE A. T. MORRIS WHOLESALE HOUSE
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Illustrated catalogue 4 cts stamps.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

FREE TO LADIES
My MONTHLY REGULATOR is the only one that is harmless and cannot fail. B'x FREE. MRS. B. ROWAN, B 367 Milwaukee, Wis.

CURRENT RAILROAD SCHEDULES AND ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Excursion Rates to Memphis, Tenn. via Seaboard Air Line Railway. Reunion Confederate Veterans, May 28-30, '01.

On account of the Reunion of United Confederate Veterans the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell tickets from stations on its lines to Memphis and return at the very low rate of one cent per mile. Tickets will be sold May 25th, 26th and 27th, good to return until June 4th

An extension of final limit to June 30th, 1901, will be granted on all Seaboard Air Line Railway tickets and on all tickets reading via that line by depositing same with Joint Ticket Agent at Memphis on or before June 3rd and upon payment of fifty cents.

Double Daily Trains with fast schedules and perfect passenger service make the Seaboard Air Line Railway (Capital City Line) a convenient and attractive route to Memphis.

For tickets, Pullman and Sleeping Car reservations and full information as to rates and schedules apply to any agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway.

A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 11.

To take effect Sunday Mar. 11 1900, at 7:40 A. M. at Goldsboro.

Supersedes Time Table 10, of Oct. 23 1899 and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS	Daily ex Sun. mixt solid frei't cars and passengers. A. M.	8 Passenger Daily P. M.
Lv.	Goldsboro*		3 9
	Best's		5 5
	LaGrange*		5 50
	Falling Creek		6 1
	Kinston		6 22
	Caswell		6 36
Ar	Dover*		6 45
Lv	Dover		6 45
	Core's Creek		6 57
	Tuscarora		7 00
	Clark's		7 15
Ar	New Bern*		7 30
Lv	New Bern		7 40
	Riverdale		8 06
	Croatan		8 08
	Havelock		8 20
	Newport*		8 33
	Wildwood		8 39
	Atlantic		8 44
Ar	Morehead City*		8 52
Lv	Morehead City		8 57
	Atlantic Hotel.		
Ar	M. City Depot*		9 06

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS	Passenger daily. A. M.	Daily except Sunday, Mxt solid Fr't cars and passenger P. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*	11 05	8 00
	Bests	s 10 48	s 7 35
W	LaGrange*	s 10 32	s 7 20
	Falling Creek	s 10 22	s 6 57
W	Kinston*	s 10 12	s 6 40
	Caswell	f 9 50	f 6 15
	Dovers	s 9 42	s 6 27
	Core Creek	s 9 30	s 5 57
	Tuscarora	f 9 20	s 5 20
	Clark's	f 9 12	f 5 11
Lv	Newbern*	s 9 00	s 4 50
Ar	Newbern*	8 37	
	Riverdale	f 8 13	
	Croatan	f 8 09	
	Havelock	s 8 00	
W	Newport*	s 7 46	
	Wildwood	f 7 39	
	Atlantic	f 7 35	
Lv	Morehead City*	s 7 27	
Ar	Morehead City*	7 22	
	Atlantic Hotel		
Lv	M. City Depot	7 05	
		A. M.	P. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal
*—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway of The South.

The Direct Line to all points

Texas - California
Florida - Cuba
and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a safe, comfortable and expeditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time tables, rates and general information, or address

(No trouble to answer questions)

S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A.,
Washington. D. C.

R L VERNON, T P A, Charlotte, N C
THAD C STURGIS, C T A, Raleigh, N C

S. A. L. RAILWAY

Direct Line to All Points in

Georgia,
Alabama,
Florida,
Texas,
Cuba and
Porto Rico.

FAST LIMITED AND EXPRESS TRAINS, FIRST-CLASS EQUIPMENT and the best accommodation. Day coaches and Buffet Sleeping cars on all trains.

Travel by the "FLORIDA AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED," and you are assured of a quick and a comfortable journey.

Unequaled Dining Car Service.

Call on or write for time tables, rates and other information to

C. H. GATTIS, C. P. and T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A., Hamlet, N. C.
R. E. L. BUNCH, G. P. A., Portsmouth, Va.

W. & W. R. R.

AND BRANCHES
AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE R R
COMPANY OF SOUTH
CAROLINA
CONDENSED SCHEDULE

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

DATED Jan 13, 1901.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 103 dexSun	No. 41 Daily.	No. 49 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	8 58	....	....	....
Ar Rocky Mount,	1 00	9 52	....	....	....
Lv Tarboro	12 21	....	6 00	....	....
Lv Rocky	1 05	10 02	6 37	5 15	12 52
Lv Wilson	1 58	10 40	7 10	5 57	2 40
Lv Selma	2 55	11 18		....	....
Lv Fayettev	4 30	12 35		....	....
Ar Florence	7 35	2 40	..	....	....
	P. M.	A. M.			
Goldsboro	....	....	7 55	6 42	3 30
Magnolia	....	....	....	7 51	4 35
Wilmington.	....	....	....	9 20	6 00
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 102 dexSun	No. 33 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 48 Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50	....	7 35	....	....
Lv Fayetteville	12 15	....	9 41	....	
Lv Selma	1 50	....	11 35	..	..
Ar Wilson	2 35	....	12 13	....	....
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington	......	....	......	7 00	9 35
Lv Magnolia	......	....	......	8 30	11 10
Lv Goldsboro	......	4 50	......	9 37	12 26
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	2 35	5 33	12 13	10 45	1 18
Ar Rocky Mount,	3 30	6 10	12 45	11 23	1 53
Ar Tarboro		6 46		....	......
Lv Tarboro	2 21	....	.....		
Lv Rocky Mount,	3 30	....	12 45	....	..
Ar Weldon	4 32	....	1 39	....	..
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1 43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 30 5 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 4 20 p. m., leave Fayetteville 4 30 p. m., arrives Wilmington 9 25 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 805 a. m., Maxton 9 05 a. m., Red Springs 9 05 a. m., Hope Mills 10 55 a. m. arrive Fayetteville 11 10. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 45 p. m., Hope Mills 5 00 p. m., Red Springs 5 43 p. m., Maxton 6 16 p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3 55 p. m., Halifax 4 17 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5 08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C. daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 10 p.m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:10 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 5:00 a. m., arriving Smithfield 6:10 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 a. m., 3 40 p. m., arrive Nashville 10 20 a. m., 4 03 p. m., Spring Hope 11 00 a. m., 4 25 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 11 20 a. m., 4 55 p.m., Nashville 11 45 a. m., 5 25 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12 00 a. m., 6 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:40 a. m. and 4:25 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 6:45 a. m. and 2:50 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Ag't.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

FLORIDA WEST S.A.L. INDIA SHORT LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, TAMPA, ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, AND POINTS SOUTH AND WEST.

IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 24, 1901.

SOUTHBOUND

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 27
Lv New York, Penn. R. R	12 55 pm	12 10 am
Lv Philadel P R R	3 29 pm	3 50 am
Lv Baltimore, "	5 45 pm	6 22 am
Lv Washington P. R. R.	6 55 pm	8 35 am
Lv Richmond, S A L Ry	10 40 pm	12 23 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 05 am	3 30 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 46 am	5 09 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 30 am	7 50 pm
Lv "	6 45 am	8 10 pm
Lv Columbia*	8 40 am	10 30 am
Ar Savannah	12 10 pm	2 20 am
Ar Jacksonvill	3 50 pm	6 30 am
Ar Tampa	5 00 am	5 00 pm
	No. 403.	No. 41.
Lv New York NYP & N	†7 55 am	8 55 pm
Lv Philadelphia	10 20 am	11 26 pm
Lv N Y, O D S S Co	†3 00 pm	
Lv Baltimore B S P Co		†6 30pm
Lv Wash'n N & W S B		6 30pm
Lv Portsmouth S. A. L Ry	9 00 pm	10 05 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	12 55 am	2 10 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 02 am	4 27 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 30 am	7 40 pm
Lv "	6 45 am	8 05 pm
Ar Wilmington	12 05 pm	
Ar Charlotte	9 51 am	10 45 am
Ar Atlanta	3 35 pm	5 30 am
Ar Augusta C & W C	5 10 pm	11 40
Ar Macon C of Ga	7 20 pm	11 10 am
Ar Mont'g'ry A & W P	9 20 pm	11 00 am
Ar Mobile L & N	2 55 am	4 12 pm
Ar New Orleans L & N	7 30 am	8 30 pm
Ar Nashvill N C & St L	5 35 am	6 55 pm
Ar Memphis	4 00pm	8 10 am

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily No 403	Daily No 38
Lv Attanta S A L Ry	1 00 pm	9 00 pm
Lv Charlotte	6 30pm	5 00 am
Lv Wilmington	3 30pm	
Lv Hamlet	8 30pm	8 05 am
Ar Raleigh	9 50am	11 30 am
Lv Rid'way	1 10 am	2 00pm
Ar Portsmouth	7 00am	5 50pm
Ar Wash'ton N & W S B		7 00am
Ar Baltimore B S P Co.		7 00am
Ar New York O C S S Co		1 30pm
Ar Philadelphia N YP&N	5 46 pm	5 10am
Ar New York	8 30 pm	8 00am
	44	66
Lv Tampa S A L	9 00 pm	8 00am
Lv Jacksonville	10 20 am	7 45 pm
Lv Savannah	1 50 pm	11 59 am
Lv Columbia	6 27 pm	5 45 am
Lv Hamlet	9 40 pm	9 20 am
Lv Raleigh	12 28am	12 07pm
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 10am	2 15pm
Lv Richmond	5 10am	5 50pm
Ar Washington, P. R. R.	8 45am	9 30pm
Ar Baltimore P R R	10 03am	11 03pm
Ar Philadelphia P R R	12 27pm	2 56am
Ar New York P R R	3 15pm	6 30am

Note.—‡Daily except Sunday *Central Time !Eastern Time.

Dining cars between New York and Richmond, and Hamlet and Jacksonville on trains nos. 31 and 44.

Tickets on sale to all points. Pullman births. Reserved and reservations made on outgoing steamers from Norfolk. Baggage checked from hotel and residences without extra charge. Call at the

Up-town Ticket Office
Yarborough House Building,
C. H. Gattis, C. T. and P. A.
RALEIGH, N. C.
'Phones 117.

H. S. LEARD, T. P. A., Hamlet, N C
R. E. L. BUNCH, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General offices: Portsmouth, Va.